

9 Spokes International Limited

Board Charter

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1. Introduction

The Board of 9 Spokes International Limited (**Company**) is a strong advocate of good corporate governance and is committed to fulfilling its corporate governance obligations and responsibilities in the best interests of the Company, our shareholders and stakeholders.

The Board has adopted this Board Charter and each Director has undertaken to the Company to observe the requirements of this Charter. This Charter should be read in conjunction with the Company's Constitution.

2. Board Responsibilities and Delegations

2.1 General

It is the role of the Board to direct, govern and promote the Company while protecting the interests of the Company and its stakeholders. It is the role of senior management to manage the Company. The Board is also responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company. In performing this role the Board is mindful of its obligations as set out in the Companies Act 1993 (New Zealand) (**Companies Act**) and the general law.

2.2 Authority of the Board

The Board has reserved the following matters, in addition to those required by law, for its decision:

- a. subject to the constitution of the Company, the composition of the Board itself, including the appointment and retirement of Directors;
- b. appointment (and removal if necessary) of the Chief Executive Officer and ratifying the appointment or removal of the Chief Financial Officer, Senior Executives (being those persons who report directly to the Chief Executive Officer);
- c. appointment of the Chairperson of the Board;
- d. determining the conditions of service of the Chief Executive Officer and senior management and the performance monitoring procedures to apply to them;
- e. in consultation with management, determining the Company's business strategy and key performance targets and then monitoring management's implementation of such strategy and achievement of such targets;
- f. monitoring the Company's compliance with applicable laws, this Charter and generally accepted standards of corporate conduct and governance prevailing from time to time;
- g. reviewing and overseeing the operation and integrity of the Company's accounting and corporate reporting systems and systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of ethics and conduct;
- h. adopting the annual budget and monitoring the financial performance of the Company;
- i. overseeing the Company's process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the prices or value of the Company's securities;
- j. overseeing the Board Committees and the effectiveness of the Company's corporate governance practices;
- k. ensuring there is timely and effective reporting to shareholders;
- l. monitoring industry developments relevant to the Company's business; and
- m. ensuring that the Company has in place an appropriate risk management framework and setting the risk appetite within which the Board expects management to operate.
- n. The Board shall approve delegations of authority and review annually.

These formal responsibilities will be reviewed regularly to determine whether changes are necessary or desirable. The Board reserves the right to expand the scope of its role beyond those matters listed above if the Board considers it necessary in the interests of the Company.

In performing the responsibilities set out above, the Board acts at all times:

- i. in a manner designed to create and build sustainable value for shareholders; and
- ii. in accordance with the duties and obligations imposed upon them by the Company's Constitution, ASX Listing Rules, the Companies Act and any other applicable laws.

2.3 Delegations to Management

- a. Beyond those matters listed at 2.2 above, the Board has delegated responsibility and authority for the management, operation and administration of the Company and for the implementation of the strategic plan, to the Chief Executive Officer. This includes the power to delegate responsibilities and authority to senior management in accordance with delegated authorities established by the Board.
- b. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for keeping the Board fully informed as to the Company's performance and prospects, all matters necessary for the Board to discharge its functions and any other matter about which any Director properly requests information. In order to discharge its duties, the Board will have open access to members of the senior management team and reasonable access to all the Company's employees and contractors to discuss current and future business issues, risks and strategies.
- c. Chief Executive Officer: An executive director (if any) must have an employment agreement setting out his or her duties, responsibilities, rights and the termination conditions of his or her employment.

2.4 Board Committees

To assist in the execution of its responsibilities, the Board has the authority to establish committees (and to delegate powers accordingly) to consider such matters that the Board may consider appropriate including by way of example only, audit matters, finance and business risks, remuneration and board nominations, and to establish a framework for the effective and efficient management of the Company.

2.5 Training and Advice

- a. Directors are provided with access to continuing education in relation to the Company and its group members extending to its business, the industry in which it operates, and information generally required by them to discharge the responsibilities of their office.
- b. Subject to prior approval from the Chairperson, each Director has the right to seek independent legal or other professional advice at the Company's expense on all matters necessary for that Director to make fully informed and independent decisions. Prior approval from the Chairperson may not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

2.6 Meetings

- a. The Board will normally meet at least [6] or more times per year but no less than 4 times.
- b. Papers for Board and Committee meetings are to be circulated, wherever practical, at least 5 days before the relevant meeting.
- c. Draft minutes of Board and Committee meetings (for consideration and approval at the next relevant meeting) are to be prepared promptly following each meeting and provided to the Chairperson of the Board or Committee for initial comment.

2.7 Responsibility for Business Risks

- a. The Board has the final responsibility for the identification of significant business risks. This responsibility is assisted by the Audit and Risk Committee which reviews the process used by management to monitor and mitigate major risks affecting each business segment. The Audit and Risk Committee is to report to the Board promptly following each of its meetings.
- b. The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer will each provide a statement to the Board with the annual and semi-annual reports confirming whether the Company's risk management and internal compliance and control systems are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

3. Statement of Board Composition

3.1 Principles

- a. The composition of the Board is determined by the following principles:
 - i. the Board will comprise members with an appropriate range of skills, expertise, experience and contacts relevant to the Company's business;
 - ii. the Company's Constitution provides for a minimum of three Directors and a maximum of ten Directors including ;
 - iii. the Chairperson of the Board must be an independent Director;
 - iv. the office of the Chairperson of the Board and the role of Chief Executive Officer must not be exercised by the same individual.
- b. The Directors have adopted the following definition of independence:

"A Director is independent if that Director is a non-executive director who is not a member of management and who is free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with - or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with - the independent exercise of their judgement and to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders generally."
- c. The Board will determine whether or not a Director is independent. In determining a Director's independence, the Board will consider whether the Director:
 - i. is a substantial security holder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise directly associated with, a substantial security holder of the Company. For this purpose, a "substantial security holder" is a person who has a relevant interest in 5% or more of the voting securities of the Company.
 - ii. within the last three years has been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another Company group member (if any), or been a director of such a company after ceasing to hold any such employment;
 - iii. within the last three years has been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another Company group member (if any), or has been an employee of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another Company group member (if any) materially associated with the service provided;
 - iv. is a material supplier or customer of the Company or another Company group member (if any), or is an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer;
 - v. has any material contractual relationship with the Company or another Company group member (if any) other than as a Director of such a company;

- vi. has served on the Board for a period which could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company;
 - vii. is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and
 - viii. has family ties or cross directorships that may compromise the Director's independence.
- d. The Board will regularly assess the independence of each Director in the light of the interests disclosed by them. Each Director will disclose promptly to the Board all relevant information for this purpose. The independence of each Director will be disclosed in the Company's annual report. Where any Director ceases to be independent this will be disclosed promptly to the market.
 - e. Independent Directors are required to notify the Board promptly if they become aware of any factor which may affect their status as an independent Director.
 - f. The Board has considered whether the majority of the Board should be independent in accordance with Recommendation 2.4 of ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition) and concluded that due to the unique operations of the Company and current rapid expansion plans for the Company, a requirement of a majority of independent directors is not appropriate. The Board will consider the independence of directors for future board appointments and the needs to the Company at that time.
 - g. A non-executive Director must inform the Chairperson and the Chairperson of each of the Remuneration and Nomination and Audit and Risk Committees Committee Chairpersons, before accepting any new appointment as a director of another listed entity, any other material directorship or any other position with a significant time commitment attached.

3.2 Board Composition

The Directors of the Company and their qualifications are set out in the Company's Annual Report and on the Company's website.

4. Appointment and Retirement of Directors

4.1 Appointment and retirement

- a. When a vacancy exists for a Board position for any reason, or where the Board considers that it would benefit from the services of a new member with particular skills, the Board will consider candidates identified and selected by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (exercising its duties under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter) having regard to:
 - i. the skills, expertise and experience of the candidates;
 - ii. the desirability of those skills, expertise and experience when combined with those of the existing Directors and taking into account the benefit of diversity to the Company; and
 - iii. the perceived compatibility of the candidates with the Company and with the existing Directors.
- b. The Board may elect any person as a Director and that person shall continue in office only until the next Annual Meeting where they must resign and are then eligible for election. Such Directors are not taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire by rotation at the Annual Meeting.
- c. The terms and conditions of the appointment of all new members of the Board must be specified in a letter of appointment to be signed by the Chairperson with the authority of the Board. The letter of appointment may refer to the Constitution and to this document.

- d. Under the Constitution at least one-third of all Directors (rounded down, if necessary, to the nearest whole number), being the Directors serving longest since last re-election, must retire at each Annual Meeting. Directors must also retire if a third Annual Meeting falls during the period in which they have held office. Retiring Directors are eligible to be re-elected. When a director is to come up for re-election, he/she shall first consult with the Chairperson who shall advise the director of whether their re-appointment is supported by the board.
- e. The Board must ensure that appropriate checks are undertaken in relation to a candidate (including in relation to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history) before they are appointed, or put forward to shareholders as a new candidate for election, as a Director.
- f. The Board must ensure that shareholders are provided with all material information in their possession to enable shareholders to make an informed decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a person as a Director, including the following information:
 - i. biographic details, including their relevant qualifications and experience and the skills they bring to the Board;
 - ii. details of any other material directorships currently held by the candidate;
 - iii. any material adverse information revealed by the checks the Company has performed about the candidate;
 - iv. details of any interest, position, association or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect his or her capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders generally; in the case of candidates standing for re-election as a Director, the term of office currently served by the Director and if the Board considers the Director to be an independent director; and
 - v. a statement by the Board as to whether it supports the election or re-election of the candidate.

4.2 Chairperson

- a. The Chairperson is to be elected from the full Board and must not be the same person as the Chief Executive Officer.
- b. The Chairperson is responsible for leading the Board, facilitating the effective contribution of all Directors and promoting constructive and respectful relations between Directors and between the Board and management.
- c. The Chairperson is also responsible for setting the Board's agenda and ensuring that adequate time is available for discussion of all agenda items, in particular strategic issues.

5. Committees

- a. The Board may establish committees to assist it in carrying out its function and for its effective and efficient performance and will adopt a charter for each committee established dealing with the scope of its responsibility and relevant procedural arrangements.
- b. The following committees have been established and are subsisting at the date of this Charter:
 - i. the Audit and Risk Committee; and
 - ii. the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.
- c. The committees established by the Board will support the Board's decision-making with reports, advice and recommendations on the matters for which they are responsible and by taking direct

responsibility for their review and evaluation. The committees will also be designed to facilitate communication between the Board and senior management.

- d. The Board may consider establishing further committees as its operations develop.
- e. All committees of the Board must report only to the Board.

6. Indemnity and Insurance

Deeds recording arrangements on indemnification, insurance and access to Company documents and, at the Company's expense, independent legal advice, should be entered into between the Company and each Director severally.

7. Conflicts of Interest

The Board has developed procedures for dealing with Director's conflicts of interest. Directors with conflicts or potential conflicts of interest should bring the matter to the Board for determination. Should the matter be considered as a conflict of interest by the Board the following procedure will be adopted.

A Director with an actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to a matter before the Board must not receive the Board papers relating to that matter and when the matter comes before the Board for discussion, the director must withdraw from the meeting for the period the matter is considered and must take no part in the discussion or decision-making process.

8. Access

The members of the Board and each Committee have the right to require access to employees, facilities and documents to obtain further information on specific issues, as they think appropriate. This right shall normally be exercised through the Chief Executive Officer, or in his absence, the most senior employee present in the Company. When that is not practical/appropriate, the director shall seek consent from the Chairman before requesting the access.

9. Administration

The Chief Financial Officer, or other employee designated by the Board, will support the effectiveness of the Board by:

- a. Monitoring that the Board's policies and procedures are followed;
- b. Advising the Board and its committees on governance matters;
- c. Coordinating the completion and despatch of Board agendas and briefing papers;
- d. Ensuring that the business at Board meetings are accurately captured in the minutes;
- e. Coordinating, organising and attending meetings of the Board and shareholders, and ensuring that correct procedures are followed;
- f. Meeting statutory reporting and record keeping requirements in accordance with relevant legislation; and
- g. Maintaining corporate governance systems and compliance systems which ensure that Board and Company adhere to ASX Listing Rules and the Companies Act 1993 (New Zealand).

10. Performance Evaluation

10.1 Responsibility of the Board

- a. The Board is to annually review its overall performance as well as the performance of its committees, individual Directors and key executives.
- b. The Board should be provided with information it needs to efficiently discharge its responsibilities by the relevant parties.
- c. The performance of the Chief Executive Officer will be reviewed annually by the Chairperson and non- executive Directors. The performance of other key executives will be reviewed annually by the Chief Executive Officer against predetermined goals and criteria and also reviewed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, and if required, the Board.
- d. The performance of the Chairperson is reviewed annually by the non-executive Directors, after having canvassed the views of the other Directors.

10.2 Performance Review and Evaluation

- a. The Chairperson determines the evaluation criteria and process for the evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors, based on input from the Board and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.
- b. If the performance of a member of the Board is unsatisfactory, that Director may be either counselled or asked to retire.
- c. The Board will, if appropriate, review its policies and procedures and its effectiveness generally, with the assistance of independent professional consultants at the Company's expense.
- d. The same general performance review procedures apply to the members of the Audit and Risk Committee and members of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee as apply to the Board, subject to the role of the Chairperson being taken by the chairperson of the respective committees.

11. Remuneration

11.1 Executive Remuneration

- a. The Company's management remuneration is structured to promote superior performance by the Company. Management remuneration is regarded by the Company as a key tool in motivating executives and employees to achieve goals consistent with the Company's goals of long term corporate growth and success.
- b. Details of remuneration of Directors and executives are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report.

11.2 Non-Executive Director Remuneration

- a. Non-executive Directors are remunerated by way of set annual fees and may also be given allocations of options to align their interests with those of shareholders. They do not participate in schemes designed for the remuneration of executives. They do not receive bonus payments and are not provided with retirement benefits. Non- executive directors may be compensated for special exertions in connection with the affairs of the Company in addition to remuneration for their service as a Director of the Company and may also receive remuneration for sitting on relevant committees.

- b. The Company will fix an amount each year in its annual meeting for the purpose of non-executive director remuneration.

11.3 Equity related incentives

The Company may provide equity related incentive compensation such as share rights or options to its employees, Directors and key stakeholders. Any equity related executive compensation must only be provided through a plan disclosed to shareholders and approved by Shareholders if required by the Companies Act or the ASX Listing Rules.

12. Review of Charter

The Board is responsible for reviewing this charter and the division of functions and responsibilities in the Company to determine whether it remains appropriate to the needs of the Company from time to time. This charter may be amended by resolution of the Board.